On August 6

EXTENSION OF THE VOTING RIGHTS ACT SIGNED

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ding discrimination
ainst people then referred
as “language minorities”

included Mexican Americans of Texas
California, Native Americans, Alaskans,
vaiians, Puerto Ricans, Asian Americans,
other citizens who continued to be
red from voting for at least the decade
r the Voting Rights Act became law.

WEST HOLLYWOOD ACHIEVES CITYHOOD

Incorporated on November 29

Through the relentless determination and a solid coalition of LGBTQ activists, seniors, and renters

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NATIONAL V REGISTRATIO (NVRA) PASSE

AKA the "Motor-Vote

199

OTER
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D

r" Bill

A result of the League of Women Voter's grassroots campaign for national legislation to reform voter registration and increase accessibility to the electoral process. The bill enabled citizens to register at motor vehicle agencies automatically, as well as by mail and at agencies that service the public.

93

2002

HELP AMERICA VOTE ACT PASSED

The Act established provisional balloting, requirements for updating voting systems, and the Election Assistance Commission

When the 2000 election exposed the many problems facing the election system, a civil rights coalition including the League of Women Voters, helped draft and pass the Help America Vote Act (HAVA).

SHELB V. HO

U.S. Suprem
protections

20

BY COUNTY
LDER

he Court strikes down
in the Voting Rights Act

48 years after President Lyndon B. Johnson s
the Voting Rights Act of 1965 to protect the ri
Americans to vote, the Supreme Court overtu
of those protections, asserting that they were
needed – specifically Section 5 of the law wh
jurisdictions with a history of discrimination to
approval before changing voting laws.

013

Since the Supreme Court ruling,
23 states have enacted vo
suppression laws
including voter purges, strict ID requirements
voter intimidation, and restrictive vote by mai
denying millions the right to voice their vote.

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, poll closures,
l policies –

THE VOTING RIGHTS ADVANCEMENT ACT OF 2019 PASSED

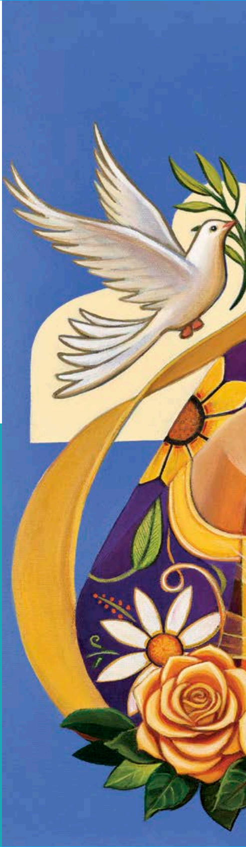
By U.S. House of Rep. | Dec. 5

2019

The legislation restores the full protections of the original Voting Rights Act of 1965 – reauthorized by Congress in 2006, but gutted by the Supreme Court in 2013 which resulted in states passing sweeping voter suppression laws disproportionately preventing minorities, the elderly, and the youth from voting. **The bill is currently pending in the U.S. Senate.**

FUTURE OF THE VOTING RIGHTS ACT

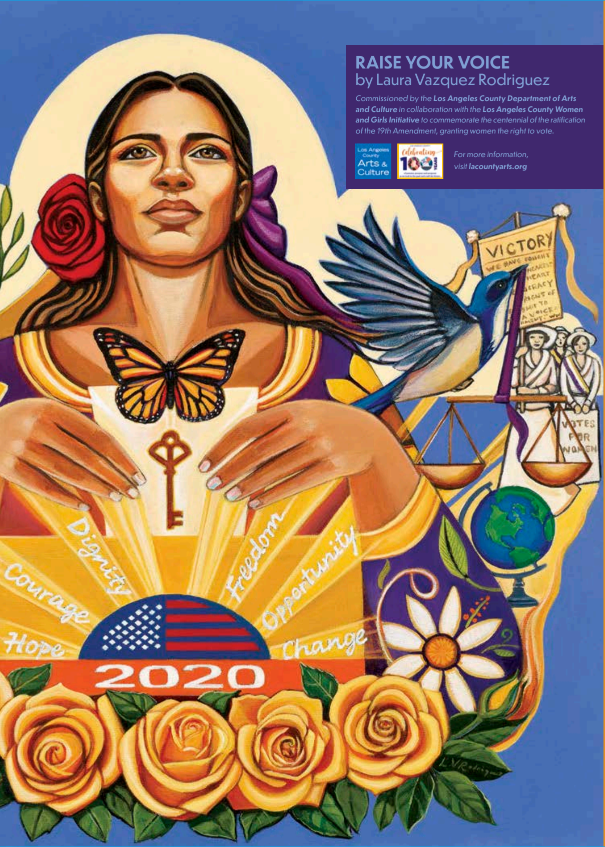
U.S. Supreme Court to rule on Brnovich v. Democratic National Committee, concerning voting restrictions. The U.S. Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit had ruled these restrictions violated the Voting Rights Act because they disproportionately disadvantaged minority voters. This case may open the door to further dismantling of the Voting Rights Act of 1965.



RAISE YOUR VOICE
by Laura Vazquez Rodriguez

Commissioned by the ***Los Angeles County Department of Arts and Culture*** *in collaboration with the* ***Los Angeles County Women and Girls Initiative*** *to commemorate the centennial of the ratification of the 19th Amendment, granting women the right to vote.*

For more information, visit ***lacountyarts.org***



2020

JANUARY 27

THE EQUAL RIGHTS AMENDMENT

Equality of rights under the law shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any state on account of sex

Virginia becomes the crucial 38th state to ratify the ERA, 48 years after it was approved by Congress in 1972.

Legal challenges are currently pending and the amendment's future is uncertain.

AUGUST 26

The official cent
of the Ratificatio
the 19th Amend

to the U.S. Constitution
women the right to vot

Throughout the nation, commemor
are honoring the leadership and sa
who fought tirelessly to win the vot
including women of color, immigra
bisexual and transgender women,
non-conforming people in the suff

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ative activities
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nts, lesbian,
and gender
rage movement.

The 19th Amendment did not enfranchise all women equally. Millions of women were unable to freely exercise their right to vote and were prohibited from voting due to discriminatory laws and practices for years after the 19th amendment was ratified.

Still many of us continue to be threatened by voter suppression activities that disproportionately affect women, including women of color, transgender women, women with disabilities, as well as, immigrants, students and caregivers, people with low incomes, and the incarcerated and formerly incarcerated.

100TH ANNIVERSARY OF WOMEN WINNING THE VOTE

1920 – 2020

EXERCISE YOUR RIGHT TO VOTE!

City of West Hollywood
California 1984

Learn more about voting in West Hollywood at **weho.org/elections**

WOMEN WIN THE VOTE

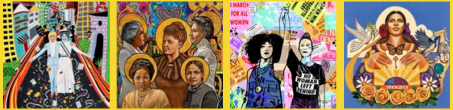
THE CITY OF WEST HOLLYWOOD PRESENTS

ORIGIN STORY OF WOMEN'S RIGHT TO VOTE

Produced by the City of West Hollywood
Community and Legislative Affairs Division

weho.org/19th

@wehocity



Commemorative artwork commissioned by the Los Angeles County Department of Arts and Culture in collaboration with the **Los Angeles County Women and Girls Initiative** to commemorate the centennial of the ratification of the 19th Amendment, granting women the right to vote.

NOT DONE YET *by Andrea Monroe*
RESISTANCE AND RESTITUTION *by Moses X Ball*
UNIFY *by Amy Smith*
RAISE YOUR VOICE *by Laura Vazquez Rodriguez*

For more information, please visit **lacountyarts.org**

Los Angeles County Arts & Culture